MARKETS

7

ILA/		-:	14/-		1.11/
JVV	шг	rice	VVd	шеп	UK

October 2025

Prices in £ per tonne free delivered	Octo	ber	2025	Octo	be	r 2025	Septe	mb	er 2025	Octo	be	r 2024
unless otherwise stated		£			€	*		£			£	
Fine paper												
Woodfree uncoated												
Copy paper 80 g A4 B grade	760		830	874		955	770		840	880		1,000
Copy paper 80 g A4 C grade	720	-	800	828		920	730		810	850		970
Offset sheets 80 g	810	T	870	932		1,001	830		890	910		1,010
Offset reels 80 g	740	-	810	851		932	760		820	850	-	970
Woodfree coated												
Sheets, double coated, 115 g	840	3	900	966	-	1,035	850		920	930	-	1,010
Reels, double coated, 100 g	770		830	886		955	780		840	850	-	950
Publication paper												
Standard newsprint 45 g	480		510	552		587	480		510	480		510
Standard newsprint 42.5 g	490	-	520	564		598	490		520	490	÷	520
Standard newsprint 40 g	500	-	530	575		610	500	•	530	500		530
Improved newsprint 52 g, ISO 68	530	-	560	610	1	644	530	-	560	530		560
LWC offset 60 g	660	2	695	759		799	660	-	700	680		730
SC offset 56 g (A)	580	-	605	667		696	580	9	610	600	-	640
Corrugated case material												
Primary fibre corrugated case material												
Unbleached kraftliner 175 g+, European quality	695	:4	745	799		875	695		745	715	2	770
White-top kraftliner 140 g, European quality	805		875	926	-	1,006	805		875	830	-	890
Recycled corrugated case material												
Recycled fluting 100 g	530	4	575	610		661	530		580	565	-	595
Recycled fluting 90 g	530	-	580	610	1	667	530		585	565		600
Recycled fluting 85 g	540	-	590	621		679	540	-	595	575	×	610
Testliner II	550	-	595	633		684	550		600	585	-	615
Testliner III	530	-	575	610		661	530		580	565		595
White-top testliner, grade B, 140 g	640		700	736		805	640	•	700	670	•	720
Cartonboard												
GD II	570		660	656	-	759	600	_	680	650		725
GC II	880		1.010	1,012		1,162	910	_	1,010	920		1,010

* Exchange rate as of 24 October 2025: £1 = €1.15

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due to any real rebound in demand but to production bottlenecks.

Capacity for corrugated sheets and packaging in the UK had already been reduced earlier in the year, which had improved utilisation for other suppliers. In October, one large manufacturer reportedly encountered temporary delivery disruptions due to software problems. Another producer was heavily tied up with orders from a key customer and either offered new delivery slots only from January or increased its sheet prices by up to 20 per cent. This situation benefitted smaller competitors.

Many of these smaller players had already reported satisfactory capacity utilisation in September – not least thanks to reduced overall processing capacity – and were expecting a "fairly positive fourth quarter." The latest developments have also allowed them to raise prices here and there and ease some margin pressure.

Nevertheless, this positive trend needs to be seen in the context of an overall weak 2025, when

the market will grow only marginally. "It could be much better, but also much worse," commented producers of corrugated packaging and displays.

Little seasonal demand on British market for cartonboard

Market dynamics for cartonboard in the UK have changed little compared to the previous month. Demand remains weak, with hoped-for seasonal impulses from Halloween and Christmas failing to materialise or falling short of expectations.

At the same time, supply remains abundant, supported by new capacity in Europe and continued high imports from Asia. In addition to Stora Enso's new board machine in Oulu, Metsä Board's Simpele mill is now back on stream following modernisation. According to the company, the rebuild has primarily improved the quality of its "FBB Classic" product. However earlier information also suggested an increase in capacity of around 10,000 tpy.

Asian suppliers, who in the past shipped to the

UK only sporadically depending on market conditions and costs, are now more consistently present. They have established closer relationships with British merchants and end users. Market observers say that, as feared, volumes originally destined for the US market are now being diverted to Europe due to high US import tariffs. There are said to be Asian board machines specifically configured for the US and European markets.

Low and relatively stable freight rates continue to support these imports. However, awareness of the vulnerability of transport routes and the potential volatility of freight rates remains high among converters and end users in the current geopolitical environment. As a result, the penetration of Asian suppliers into the UK market is growing, but remains limited.

Their sometimes extremely low prices, however, continue to put strong pressure on the market and are now influencing the price structure of European

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